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(54) Title: COMPOSITIONS ADDRESSING INFLAMMATION AND/OR DEGENERATIVE DISORDERS

(57) Abstract: The present invention is directed to compositions for primarily addressing degenerative complaints - in particular joint related conditions, such as arthritis and rheumatism, in which there may also be associated inflammation. Other potential uses are also discussed, as well as prophylactic and curative applications. Preferred embodiments incorporate green-lip mussel products (particularly GLME) with shark cartilage or chondroitin compounds. Plant and bark based antioxidants are employed in a number of embodiments.

COMPOSITIONS ADDRESSING INFLAMMATION AND/OR DEGENERATIVE DISORDERS

TECHNICAL FIELD

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The present invention is directed to compositions for addressing degenerative disorders and inflammation. Preferred embodiments of the invention comprises a sustained slow-acting composition which, when continually administered, exhibit anti-inflammatory effects though various embodiments may also exhibit analgesic effects, gastro-protective effects, a reduction in host-cell damage associated with inflammation, and may reduce cancerous tumours through antiangiogenesis. Differing embodiments may exhibit a number, or all, of these effects to varying degrees depending upon the degree and balance of synergism resulting from the selected components and ratios.

BACKGROUND ART

The present invention was developed with the needs and problems associated with domestic animals in mind. In particular, domestic pets receive significantly more attention from humans than domesticated commercial species (e.g. livestock). The care and attention lavished on domestic pets also means that they tend to live to a significantly greater age than most commercially bred species and are thus more likely to exhibit the problems associated with old age. Such problems include cancer, and debilitating degenerative diseases.

- In addition, animals are also susceptible to inflammation associated with various causes such as tissue damage or injury and, as for their human counterparts, some animals may also experience gastro-intestinal irritation from commonly used anti-inflammatories. As many domesticated pets are regarded by owners as family members, owners are often keen to address the various maladies that their pets exhibit
- In most cases the solution is a curative remedial action after the problem has presented itself. While this may be effective for temporary afflictions such as acute infectious inflammation, longer term afflictions such as cancer and debilitating degenerative ailments have associated degenerative or other effects which are not usually fully reversible and quite often any remedial action is merely to attempt to control the further

spread of the affliction, or to ameliorate its effects on the animal. In some instances a partial improvement may be obtained, though there are problems associated with addressing an affliction after it has firmly established itself. As for humans, early diagnosis is often associated with a better prognosis for recovery or control.

Accordingly, a number of afflictions such as cancer or debilitating degenerative ailments (e.g. arthritis) may be more effectively controlled if preventative measures are taken. For instance there is evidence indicating that cartilage protecting agents may help protect against the occurrence of degenerative joint diseases and associated complaints. While there are varying forms of joint diseases, in general the complaint is accompanied by degeneration of cartiligenous material at the joints. The sooner action is taken against such degeneration, then the less the effects of the complaint will be. Thus, while an animal may still remain susceptible to joint related afflictions, preventative measures may protect against development of the complaint to any appreciable degree.

Similarly, inflammation at the joint is a factor in some degenerative joint diseases and thus some protection may also be provided by preventing inflammation in affected areas.

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There are also a number of different types of cancers, though in particular the present invention is more focussed on those accompanied by tumourous growths. In many instances these tumours may be relatively benign though any tumourous growth is potentially serious. Again there is a link between early prognosis and recovery or effective control of the cancer and thus any preventative measure which can hinder the early growth or development of tumours will be of use.

For most animals, there is a limited number of products available which can be safely administered to afford a preventative or curative action towards these types of afflictions. Most animal remedies are based on pure chemicals for addressing a particular diagnosed chemical imbalance. Many of these contain side effects, and even for those that don't, it is generally not a recommended practice for their regular continued administration.

For domestic pets, there have been on-going improvements in food formulations, though again the primary emphasis has been on presenting a tailored balance of nutrients for different animals. A number of more recent formulations have addressed the elimination

of problem components, or have altered the foodstuff characteristics to counter known problems in pets – for example, altering the pH of certain pelletised cat foods to avoid urinary tract problems in adult cats. Most focus on various vitamins and minerals and may also increase or reduce specific amino acids present in the foodstuff. Some products have become quite specialised and one American product is specifically formulated for dogs undergoing chemotherapy, and includes high levels of n-3 fatty acids, which inhibit tumour growth.

However, there is a general need for a composition which can be administered on a regular basis to both healthy and afflicted animals and which can address one or more of a number of known, common, problems such as indicated above. Accordingly it is one aspect of the present invention to provide a composition, in a dosage form, or an alternate form, which can be administered regularly and in with relative safety to most domesticated pets, and particular mammalian species. At the very least, it is an object of the present invention to provide the public with a useful alternative to what is currently available.

Further aspects and advantages of the present invention will become apparent from the ensuing description which is given by way of example only.

DISCLOSURE OF INVENTION

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According to one aspect of the present invention there is provided a composition for administration to animals including a combination of:

- (a) at least one anti-inflammatory agent selected from the group comprising
 - i) green-lipped mussel extract (GLME) and/or a pharmacologically active green lipped mussel product, and
 - ii) shark cartilage; with
- 25 (b) at least one enhancing agent selected from the group of:
 - i) a bark product or extract exhibiting antioxidant properties, and
 - ii) shark cartilage;

and wherein for a composition including just one member from each group, the selected members must be different.

According to a further aspect of the present invention there is provided a composition for administration to animals including a combination of:

(a) at least one anti-inflammatory agent selected from the group comprising

- i) green-lipped mussel extract (GLME) and/or a pharmacologically active green lipped mussel product, and
- ii) shark cartilage; with
- 5 (b) at least one enhancing agent selected from the group of:
 - i) a bark or plant product or extract exhibiting any one of antioxidant, antiarthritic, and-anti-inflammatory properties, and
 - ii) shark cartilage;

and wherein for a composition including just one member from each group, the selected members must be different.

According to another aspect of the present invention there is provided a composition, substantially as described above, which includes either or both of a green-lipped mussel extract (GLME) and a pharmaceutically active green lipped mussel product, in combination with any one or more of:

shark cartilage, pharmacologically active shark extract, and chondroitin sulphate.

According to another aspect of the present invention there is provided a composition substantially as described above which includes an anti-inflammatory agent in combination with a chondroitin compound.

According to another aspect of the present invention there is provided a composition substantially as described above which includes as the anti-inflammatory agent either or both of shark cartilage and pharmacologically active shark cartilage extract in combination with any one or more of:

EnzogenolTM, PycnogenolTM, a bark extract equivalent to EnzogenolTM or PycnogenolTM, chondroitin sulphate, and a chondroitin compound.

According to another aspect of the present invention there is provided a composition substantially as described above which includes, as an enhancing agent, PycnogenolTM.

According to another aspect of the present invention there is provided a composition substantially as described above which includes one or more anti-oxidants other than Enzogenol or equivalent bark extracts.

According to another aspect of the present invention there is provided a composition substantially as described above in which an anti-oxidant is vitamin E.

According to another aspect of the present invention there is provided a composition substantially as described above in which includes deer velvet or a pharmacologically active extract thereof.

According to another aspect of the present invention there is provided a composition substantially as described above in which includes additional glycosaminoglycans than those present-in the selected anti-inflammatory or enhancing agents.

According to another aspect of the present invention there is provided a composition substantially as described above in which green-lipped mussel extract (GLME) and/or a pharmacologically active green lipped mussel product in sufficient amount to provide gastro-intestinal protection against irritation by other components in the composition.

According to another aspect of the present invention there is provided a composition substantially as described above which also includes any one or more of the following components:

a vitamin, glycine, lysine, methionine, glutamic acid, tyrosine, and compounds providing in a pharmacologically acceptable form one or more of the following elements: manganese, zinc, iron, magnesium, selenium, calcium, copper, potassium, cobalt.

According to another aspect of the present invention there is provided a composition substantially as described above which includes one or more pharmacologically active substances.

According to another aspect of the present invention there is provided a composition substantially as described above in which a pharmacologically active substance is an anti-inflammatory other than those listed in claim 1.

According to another aspect of the present invention there is provided a composition substantially as described above formulated to be suitable for addressing any one or more of the following conditions in animals: inflammation, arthritis, chronic joint pain.

According to another aspect of the present invention there is provided a composition substantially as described above in any one or more of the following forms: as a bolus or tablet, in a capsule, as a slow release implant, as a liquid composition, as a

30 gel, and as a paste.

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According to another aspect of the present invention there is provided a composition substantially as described above formulated for use with non-human mammals.

According to a further aspect of the present invention there is provided a method for addressing joint problems in non-human animals consisting of the administration of a composition as claimed in any one of the preceding claims.

According to another aspect of the present invention there is provided a method substantially as described above in which the method of administration is oral.

According to a further aspect of the present invention there is provided the use of any two or more of:

- i) green-lipped mussel extract (GLME) and/or a pharmacologically active green lipped mussel product,
 - ii) shark cartilage and/or pharmacologically active shark cartilage extract; and
 - iii) Enzogenol™, and/or equivalent bark extract.

in the preparation of a composition for use in addressing any one or more of:

a) inflammation;

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- b) degenerative joint complaints;
- c) other cartiligenous degeneration;
- d) gastrointestinal sensitivity or irritation;
- e) cancerous tumours;

The present invention has been developed with the needs of domesticated pets, and primarily mammalian species, in mind though it is also envisaged that the present invention is applicable to commercially bred species. However, while tablets or foodstuffs may be regularly administered or fed to pets or stabled animals, the problems associated with regular administration to sheep, cattle, and other livestock, may preclude regular use of the present invention with those species. However this does not mean that the present invention is detrimental, and therefore cannot be administered to such species or animals.

Preferred embodiments of the present invention focus around the use of three components, or equivalents thereof. These comprise green lipped mussel extract (GLME), shark cartilage and ENZOGENOL TM. Each of these components alone is known to exhibit a number of useful properties, though it has been found that varying

combinations of these components can yield a significant improvement in the effectiveness of these components alone, and also render the resulting combination useful for addressing a number of complaints.

For instance, green lipped mussel extract (GLME) comprises extractions from the shellfish species *perna canaliculus*, a mollusc found on the shores of New Zealand. This is a convenient means for including active components from the green lipped mussel, though other forms of green lipped mussel and its products (preferably pharmacologically active) can be used. This mollusc has been found to contain a number of components exhibiting anti-inflammatory activity and includes small amounts of glycosaminoglycans which have been shown to be beneficial for maintaining the integrity of cartilage and bone. Accordingly, green lipped mussel extract has been used for alleviating arthritic complaints, including degenerative joint diseases.

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Green lipped mussel extract (GLME) where used in various embodiments of the present invention is preferentially that obtained from extraction processes from live, or recently killed mussels. Procedures such as outlined in granted patents to the inventor Stuart J McFarlane may be followed, though the product may preferentially be obtained from McFarlane Laboratories NZ Ltd., of New Zealand.

The same inventor has also pursued further patent applications directed to extracting specific targeted compounds from green lipped mussels, and re-combining or using these in other preparations. An example is the disclosure of US 4,455,298 (NZ 188489). Such extracts are also considered to be among the acceptable substitutes for green lipped mussel extract (GLME) for use in the present invention.

Shark cartilage has also been used by persons suffering from disorders such as cancer and arthritis and there it appears that it is useful in addressing these complaints. Identified active components include chondroitin sulphate, and glycosaminoglycans. Various shark cartilage products may be used, though preferentially include or retain active quantities of these components.

A further component which can be considered is a bark or plant extract exhibiting antioxidant properties. Preferably the antioxidant activity exceeds that of vitamin E. One product which has been mentioned is ENZOGENOL TM, a proprietary composition manufactured by Enzo Nutraceuticals Limited, of Christchurch, New Zealand, and

comprises an extract from the bark of *Pinus radiata* which is rich in anti-oxidants. Other bark products exist with PYCNOGENOLTM, another proprietary product being an acceptable alternative. There is evidence establishing that oxidant and free radical damage can be addressed by this formulation. Both oxidant and free-radical damage have been shown to be involved in both premature ageing, and in particular, joint disease. Equivalent products to ENZOGENOL TM or PYCNOGENOL TM may be substituted, though the preference is for these products as they contain components other than antioxidants that may further enhance the properties of the product.

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As previously indicated, it has been indicated that a significant useful improvement can be made by combining two or more of the three listed components. The selected combination will have some effect on the focus and activity of the resulting combination, and this will become more apparent from the following description.

One possible combination is green lipped mussel (GLM, and preferably an extract) with shark cartilage. This combination is of use as an anti-inflammatory, though in particular is useful for addressing arthritic complaints and degenerative joint problems. For instance, green lipped mussel and its preferred extracts include glycosaminoglycans which help protect cartilage and bone. Preferred GLM extracts also exhibit an anti-inflammatory effect. Most arthritic complaints and degenerative joint disorders are known to involve an associated inflammation in the joint region and thus extracts of GLM that have demonstrated effectiveness in these type of disorders have been at least partly attributable to the anti-inflammatory characteristics.

Shark cartilage contains higher levels of glycosaminoglycans which augment the cartilage protective effects of GLM products and extracts alone. This is further augmented by the presence of chondroitin sulphate, another cartilage protecting component. The collagen also present in shark cartilage further enhances the effectiveness of the combination.

Shark cartilage also possess some antiangiogenetic properties which also affords the combination and additional properties in addressing cancer tumour formation. It is also considered that the same property may also further enhance the ability of the combination to address, both preventatively, and curatively (to varying degrees) joint and cartilage problems – particularly mobility related ailments.

Enhancing agents such as ENZOGENOL TM, PYCNOGENOL TM or equivalent bark extracts, may also be combined with either or both of GLME and shark cartilage. Both GLME and shark cartilage possess anti-inflammatory properties. The combination with ENZOGENOL TM, with its anti-oxidant and anti-free radical properties, enhances the usefulness of these anti-inflammatories in addressing a number of disorders, and preventing the formation of other problems. For instance, inflammation is generally the consequence of a defensive action of the body and in some instances is accompanied by a significant amount of oxidants in the inflamed regions. These oxidants often include nitrous oxide, varying peroxides and a number of other substances which exhibit a strong localised anti-microbial effect. However, the effectiveness of their action is not always confined to foreign bodies. These oxidants produced by the body are also known to exhibit a negative effect on the host's own cells, and it is known that some oxidant species can disrupt host cell DNA sequences. Current theories consider this to be the first transformational change to occur in a number of forms of cancer, and thus addressing this problem will represent a preventative technique towards the establishment of a number of forms of cancer.

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Anti-oxidants, such as those provided in ENZOGENOLTM, can reduce damage to the host's own cells, but without any significant decrease in the effectiveness of remaining oxidants in addressing microbial invaders and other foreign material. In some respects the anti-oxidants may be considered to have a regulating effect and tend to mop up excess oxidants which have been produced beyond the actual needs of the body.

Accordingly, the combination of a bark based anti-oxidant product with an anti-inflammatory, produces a substantially enhanced useful overall effect in reducing not only the amount of inflammation, but negative side effects associated with inflammation. Other factors may be at work though the use of products such as PYCNOGENOL TM or ENZOGENOL Appear to confer the desired characteristics.

Further, the reduction in likelihood of an oxidant induced cancer transformation, coupled with the antiangiogenetic properties of shark cartilage, renders this a useful combination for reducing the probability of cancer formation.

Further, it will be appreciated that the combination of all three can yield a highly useful product which can help simultaneously address a number of afflictions which affect animals, and which become more prevalent in older animals.

Another anti-oxidant which may be used in varying embodiments of the present invention is vitamin E. Other anti-oxidants are also known, and both these and/or vitamin E may be used in varying embodiments including these combining GLM products and extracts with shark cartilage. However, preferred embodiments would include a bark based antioxidant as the preferred anti-oxidant of choice, though it should be also appreciated that not all uses of varying embodiments will focus on inflammation and its side-effects, and thus lower levels of additional anti-oxidant activity may be provided.

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Other enhancing agents include plant based products exhibiting antioxidant properties, though may additionally, or alternatively, exhibit anti-inflammatory or anti-arthritic properties. In this later case, the preference is still to include an antioxidant, or to select a material also exhibiting antioxidant properties. One possibility is to include these other enhancing agents in combination with a bark based antioxidant such as ENZOGENOLTM or PYCNOGENOLTM. As a gauge of antioxidant activity, pharmacological activity comparable to or exceeding vitamin E is desirable, or alternatively an activity comparable to ENZOGENOLTM or PYCNOGENOLTM.

As can be appreciated, the varying combinations which have been described provide enhanced activity and properties over the individual components. The result is a range of embodiments which may be used in a number of similar roles, but which may exhibit slightly enhanced activity in one role over another.

Some of these components possess other useful properties which may extend the usefulness of various combinations. For instance, GLM products and extracts are known to be useful in preventing, alleviating, or treating gastro-intestinal irritation. Accordingly, compositions of the present invention which include GLM and/or its extracts may also be used as a carrier for, or as part of, compositions containing irritant substances just as GLME alone is used in such a role. This further extends the usefulness and flexibility of embodiments of the present invention.

For instance, many current fast-acting anti-inflammatories are irritating to the stomach. While embodiments of the present invention generally include sufficient anti-inflammatory activity, when administered over sustained periods, to preclude the use of most existing pharmaceutical anti-inflammatories, there may be instances where the user may wish or need to include one of these existing faster acting compounds. Including

such a substance in such embodiments of the present invention may not only reduce the amount of the added anti-inflammatory which needs to be included, but the counter irritant effects of GLME can help reduce the side-effects from the administration of an added anti-inflammatory which may cause irritation.

There are a number of other pharmaceuticals which exhibit irritant properties, and the co-administration, or co-compounding, of embodiments of the present invention with those substances is also a technique within the scope of the present invention. In particular, embodiments of the present invention may find use for administration during chemotherapy which tends to have a number of significant negative side effects.

Embodiments of the present invention may also include other substances which are known to have a beneficial effect. One such substance is deer velvet for which a large amount of anecdotal, but little clinical, evidence exists of its effectiveness. The little clinical work which has been performed suggests that deer velvet administered orally can address problems associated with high blood pressure, as well as having both immuno-stimulatory and anti-inflammatory properties. The inclusion of deer velvet would therefore augment such properties already existing in various embodiments of the present invention.

It is also envisaged that varying embodiments may also include manganese ascorbate and/or S-adenosylmethionine (aka S-adenosyl-L-methionine 1,4 butane disulfonate). This latter compound is also known to promote joint mobility, while the former is involved in the biosynthesis of glycosaminoglycans. These can enhance the action of other components in preferred embodiments of the invention addressing debilitating joint ailments.

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As mentioned previously, the present invention may take varying forms. It is envisaged that a common form of the invention is as an oral dosage form. This may be as a pill, tablet, capsule, etc. Liquid formulations may also be produced, as may other types of solid formulations. In particular, an animal foodstuff is envisaged. Each of these different forms may be prepared according to standard existing techniques, and which include the components of the various embodiments of the present invention.

BEST MODES FOR CARRYING OUT THE INVENTION

Example 1: Compositions for adult dogs

This comprises a tablet (or similar dosage form) or dietary foodstuff which includes green lipped mussel extract in combination with shark cartilage. Ideally, the composition also includes a range of vitamins and trace minerals in a balanced proportion, ideal for targeted animal range. Different embodiments may contain different ratios, depending upon the size, type, or age of the animal.

Example 1a: Constituents

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In this embodiment, a dosage form, which may take the form of a pellet, capsule or tablet etc, may contain:

50 - 200 mg

Green Lipped Mussel Extract

	0.00 =-FF	
	Shark cartilage	50 - 200 mg
	Vitamin mix-optional but where included:	200 ± 200 mg
15	Which may, for example, co	nsist of:
	Vitamin A	2000-3000 iu
	Vitamin D3	300-500 iu
	Vitamin E	20-30 iu
	Vitamin K3	0.5-0.75 mg
20	Thiamine (Vitamin B1)	1-1.5 mg
	Riboflavin	2-3 mg
	Pyridoxine	0.5-0.75 mg
	Panthothenic acid	2-3 mg
·	Niacin	7-10.5 mg
25	Biotin	0.1-0.75 mg
	Vitamin B12	22-150 µg
	Folic acid	0.1-0.15 mg
	Iron	12-20 mg
	Copper	1.5-2.5 mg
30	Cobalt	0.25-0.4 mg
	Manganese	3-5 mg

Zinc	25-40 mg
Iodine	0.5-0.75 mg
Selenium	0.075-0.125 mg
Calcium	10-20 mg
Manganese ascorbate	optional
S-adenosylmethioning	ne optional

The dosage form may also be incorporated into a food product, such as a pellet, which can be administered for consumption by the animal. Such dosage forms could also be seeded throughout pelletised animal foods – lower dosage forms may be prepared for such applications.

For the embodiment above, a typical suggested once daily dosage is:

up to 15 kg	1 tablets
15 - 30 kg	2 tablets
over 30 kg	3 tablets

This example is illustrative only. The vitamin mix is illustrative of a typical balance for adult dogs, but can be varied (and components added or eliminated) in different embodiments for other species and ages.

Example 1B

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In this embodiment, a dosage form, which may take the form of a pellet, capsule or tablet etc, may contain:

Green Lipped Mussel (preferably dried or powdered) or extract thereof: 50 – 200 mg

Shark cartilage (preferably dried or powdered) or chondroitin sulphate or condroitin containing substance 50 – 200 mg

Vitamin mix (as above in Example 1A) optional

The dosage form may also be incorporated into a food product, such as a pellet, which can be administered for consumption by the animal. Such dosage forms could also be

seeded throughout pelletised animal foods – lower dosage forms may be prepared for such applications.

For the embodiment above, a typical suggested once daily dosage is:

	up to 15 kg	1 tablets
5	15 - 30 kg	2 tablets
	over 30 kg	3 tablets

This example is illustrative only. The vitamin mix is illustrative of a typical balance for adult dogs, but can be varied (and components added or eliminated) in different embodiments for other species and ages.

10 Example 2

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This comprises a dosage form combining green lipped mussel with an anti-oxidant, and is of particular use for preventing or addressing inflammation.

In this embodiment a typical dosage form may contain:

Green lipped mussel extract

(or pharmacologically active

green lipped mussel product) 50 – 200 mg

ENZOGENOLTM or PYCNOGENOLTM $5 \pm 2 \text{ mg}$

Anti-inflammatory plant extract (optional) 0 - 500 mg

Vitamin mix (see example 1a) $200 \pm 200 \text{ mg}$.

As for Example 1, the dosage form may take different forms, including capsules, tablets, pellets, and even liquid forms. Liquid forms would generally include an acceptable carrier, and may include inert oils such as comestible vegetable oils, and fish oils.

Example 3

This example combines shark cartilage with a bark based antioxidant. While this combination is useful for addressing inflammation, it is directed more to the prevention, and/or addressing arthritic complaints and degenerative joint diseases and afflictions.

In this embodiment the dosage form may contain:

Shark cartilage 50 – 200 mg

ENZOGENOLTM or PYCNOGENOLTM

2 - 10 mg

Anti-arthritic and/or anti-inflammatory

Plant extract (optional:

0 - 500 mg

Vitamin mix (see example 1a)

 $200 \pm 200 \text{ mg}$.

5 preferably including adenosylmethionine

and manganese ascorbate.

Dosages and varying dosage forms, are as for the preceding examples.

Example 4

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This embodiment includes deer velvet in addition to the compositions of any of the preceding examples. To a formulation as described in any of examples 1 through 3, there is also included deer velvet in the amount of 25 ±10 mg. Preferably this is dried deer velvet, which has been prepared by a method avoiding substantial degradation of included natural components.

Dosing and administration is as per Example 1 herein.

Example 5: for older or arthritic animals, or animals exhibiting mobility problems

These embodiments may also be in dosage forms, or foodstuffs. This range of embodiments are targeted at older animals, and particularly those that may be showing joint problems or arthritis.

These embodiments combine green lipped mussel extract with shark cartilage or extracts thereof. Ideally, the shark cartilage, or any extract thereof, should include glycosaminoglycans. These two active components act as powerful anti-inflammatories, and provide anti-inflammatory action over the use of the green lipped mussel extract alone.

Optionally but ideally also, deer velvet or extract thereof is included in the these formulations.

Ideally also, these embodiments will also include ENZOGENOL (proprietary formulation of anti-oxidants).

Example 5a: Constituents

Each tablet contains:

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Green Lipped Mussel Extract $175 \pm 75 \text{ mg}$

Deer Velvet $25 \pm 10 \text{ mg}$

Shark Cartilage $100 \pm 50 \text{ mg}$

ENZOGENOL (TM) or PYCNOGENOL $5 \pm 2 \text{ mg}$

Vitamin mix (see example 1a) $200 \pm 200 \text{ mg}$

Suggested once daily dosage as per example 1a.

May be fed in conjunction with Example 1a formulation. Can be administered directly into the mouth or added to the food.

Example 6: for cats

The preferred embodiment for cats will include green lipped mussel extract. This acts in the role of an anti-inflammatory to improve mobility, as well as relief from sore and arthritic joints. Again, preferred embodiments of this range will also include a balanced range of vitamins and trace minerals for cats.

Example 6a: Constituents

Each tablet contains:

Green Lipped Mussel Extract

(or pharmacologically active

20 green lipped mussel product –

quantity of such products may

need to be varied according to

activity) $175 \pm 75 \text{ mg}$

Either or both of:

25 i) ENZOGENOLTM or PYCNOGENOL 5 ± 2 mg

ii)shark cartilage 20 – 175 mg

Taurine $100 \pm 50 \text{ mg}$

Potassium gluconate $70 \pm 20 \text{ mg}$

Thiamine hydrochloride

 $25 \pm 10 \text{ mg}$

Yeast

 $50 \pm 20 \text{ mg}$

Dextrose (as a tableting agent)

Vitamin mix (see example 1a)

optional

This composition can provide some additional benefit for cats. Taurine, an essential dietary ingredient in cats, is fundamental in preventing heart and eye disease. Taurine is also an important part of bile in the cat's digestive system. Potassium Gluconate helps prevent hypocalcaemia, a common diet related deficiency in cats.

Thiamine helps prevent diseases related to thiamine deficiency such as diarrhoea, kidney disease and polioencephomalcia. Yeast provides a rich source of B vitamins and other natural products. Dextrose is included as a tableting agent, instead of the more commonly used lactose, because many cats are lactose intolerant.

Suggested once daily dosage

2.5 kg

1 tablets

> 2.5 kg

2 tablets

Can be administered directly into the mouth or added to the food.

It is also possible to use the compositions of examples 1 through 5 for cats.

Example 7

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Trials were conducted using tablets on a number of different breeds of dog.

20 Analysis of tablets used in trial

Active ingredients: per tablet

Green lipped mussel extract 175mg

Shark cartilage 100mg

ENZOGENOLTM 5mg

25 The natural ingredients contain traces of the following vitamins and minerals:

Vitamin C Tyrosine

Vitamin D3 Potassium

Vitamin B1 Cobalt Vitamin B2 Manganese Niacin Zinc Vitamin B6 Iron Vitamin B12 Magnesium 5 Glutamic acid Selenium Glycine Calcium Lysine Copper Methionine

The trial was an open assessment. The effect of the treatment was based on the owner's subjective observation of the dogs mobility and vitality. The patients chosen for treatment were dogs with lameness and/or diminished mobility due to pain from chronic arthritis. The recommended dose was 1 tablet per 10 kg bodyweight. The results of the trails are summarised in table 1. The effect is described as 0: no effect, 1+: some improvements, 2+: good effect and 3+: very good effect.

From table 1 it appears, that the recorded effect of the product in 12 out of 16 cases is good or very good. Typically there was seen improvement of mobility within 5 to 14 days, and especially it was noted by the clients that the dogs showed more vitality and improved well-being. This was most remarkable in geriatric patients.

- The initial effect stabilises after 1 to 2 months. The owner also gets used to the better mobility of his dog. A certain depot-effect seems to be built up, which may last for weeks or months. Therefore it is recommended that there is a somewhat (50%) lower maintenance dose after initial dosing for approximately 2 months. After this period further improvement cannot be expected and the dog will stay in status quo.
- It appears from table 1, that the indications mainly have been arthritis in different joints like elbow, knee, spondylosis etc. Clinically we have in a few cases observed diminished crepitation in arthritic joints, probably due to better lubrication. We have also observed better vitality in many cases.

During the trial were used tablets from 3 different batches. There was no noted difference as to quality or effect.

<u>Table 1: Race, indication, effect and number of glasses consumed in 16 dogs treated for joint pain</u>

Race	Years	Indication	Dose/Day	Effect	Kg	Used glasses of 100
Labrador	11	Arthroses+skin	3	3+	34	5
Labrador	14	Elbow arthrosis	3	3+	- 26	5
Labrador	12	Hip dysplasia	2	3+	22	4
Lab/ schæfer	13	Hip dysplasia/ knee	2	3+	20	5
Fox terrier	14	Shoulder arthrosis	1	1+	8	1*
Dachshund	14	Spondylosis	1	3+	8	3
Shetl. sheepdog	14	Elbow arthrosis	1	0	12	0**
Finsk Spids	10	Spondylosis	2	3+	18	3
Weimaraner	6	Cruc.rupt.chron.	3	2+	26	1
Border Collie	0.5	Cruc.rupt.acute	1	2+	12	2
Labrador	0.4	Hip dysplasia	1	3+	18	3
Golden Retriever	8	Knee arthros., skin	3	2-3+	32	4
Rottweiler	4 .	Elbow arthrosis	3	2	38	4
Schæfer	14	Spondylosis	3	2+	32_	3
Labrador	10	Elbow arthrosis	3	1+	28	6
Boxer	6	Spondylosis	3	1+	31	2

^{*} Euthanised after 1 month due to Cushing syndrome.

^{**} Medication stopped after 1 week due to polydipsia.

Generally there were no observed adverse side-effects. One dog showed polyuri and polydipsia after I week treatment. The owner stopped treatment with the trial product and the symptoms disappeared. The dog was not examined as to the cause of the PU/PD, so the condition might have been due to other reasons.

5 Conclusion

Chronic arthritis is very difficult to treat. The clinical response has been so positive, that this composition should be considered in future treatment of chronic arthrosis, of patients with loss of vitality and unspecified stiffness of joints or diminished mobility. For many dogs treatment with NASID or corticosteroids is problematic and in these cases many clients will prefer a natural, alternative treatment when a positive effect can be observed.

Example 7

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Following are the results of further efficacy tests performed using various embodiments of the present invention.

No.	Dog Breed	Sex	Age	Weight	Intake	Symptom	Evaluation
			(year)	(kg)	(tabs)		
1.	Beagle	M(n)	9	18.0	2	Disk herniation	No effect
2.	Akita	M	11	31.8	3	Knee arthritis	Remarkably effective
3.	Miniature	M(n)	9	8.3	1	Coxa aplasia	Effective
	Dachshund						
4.	Mix	M	11	9.8	1	Patella luxation	Remarkably effective
5.	Yorkshire Terrie	F	13	2.2	1	Coxa aplasia	Slightly effective
6.	Sheltie	M	13	11.8	1	Coxa aplasia	Effective
7.	Mix	F(h)	11	17.4	2	Knee arthritis	No effect
8.	Sheltie	F(h)	11	12.0	2	Arthritis	Effective
9.	Sheltie	F	7	11.8	1	Osteoarthritis	Remarkably effective
						of spine	
10.	Pomeranian	F(h)		4.7	1	Coxa aplasia	No effect
11.	Chow Chow	F	3	38.2	3	Carpus Arthritis	Remarkably effective
12.	Mix	F	3	29.7	2	Traumatic	Remarkably effective
						Patella luxation	
13.	Pekinese	F	14	5.6	1	Coxa aplasia	No effect
14.	Mix	F	6	13.2	1	Knee Arthritis	Effective
15.	Sheltie	F	8	17.0	2	Arthritis	No effect
16.	Pomeranian	F	3	3.7	1	Patella luxation	Effective
17.	Maltese	F(h)	10	4.7	1	Arthritis	Remarkably effective
18.	Bernese	F	1	30.00	3	Arthritis	Remarkably
	Mountain dog						effective
19.	Mix	M	5	13.2	1	Left hind foot	Remarkably effective
						lameness	

No.	Dog Breed	Sex	Age	Weight	Intake	Symptom	Evaluation
			(year)	(kg)	(tabs)	•	
1.	Beagle	M(n)	9	18.0	2	Disk herniation	No effect
2.	Akita	M	11	31.8	3	Knee arthritis	Remarkably effective
3.	Miniature	M(n)	9	8.3	1	Coxa aplasia	Effective
	Dachshund						
4	Mix	M	11	9.8	1	-Patella luxation-	Remarkably effective
5.	Yorkshire Terrie	F	13	2.2	1	Coxa aplasia	Slightly effective
6.	Sheltie	M	13	11.8	1	Coxa aplasia	Effective
7.	Mix	F(h)	11	17.4	2	Knee arthritis	No effect
8.	Sheltie	F(h)	11	12.0	2	Arthritis	Effective
9.	Sheltie	F	7	11.8	1	Osteoarthritis	Remarkably effective
						of spine	
10.	Pomeranian	F(h)		4.7	1	Coxa aplasia	No effect
11.	Chow Chow	F	3	38.2	3	Carpus Arthritis	Remarkably effective
12.	Mix	F	3	29.7	2	Traumatic	Remarkably effective
						Patella luxation	
13.	Pekinese	F	14	5.6	1	Coxa aplasia	No effect
14.	Mix	F	6	13.2	1	Knee Arthritis	Effective
15.	Sheltie	F	8	17.0	2	Arthritis	No effect
16.	Pomeranian	F	3	3.7	1	Patella luxation	Effective
17.	Maltese	F(h)	10	4.7	1	Arthritis	Remarkably effective
18.	Bernese	F	1	30.00	3	Arthritis	Remarkably
	Mountain dog						effective
19.	Mix	M	5	13.2	1	Left hind foot	Remarkably effective
						lameness	

No.	Dog Breed	Sex	Age (year)	Weight (kg)	Intake (tabs)	Symptom	Evaluation
20.	Shiba	M	12	10.5	2	Osteoarthritis of spine	Exacerbation
21.	Chihuahua	M(n)	2		1	Arthritis	Remarkably effective
22.	Mix	F(h)	12	13.3	1	Patella luxation	No effect
23.	Golden retriever	F	5	26.8	2	Ligament rupture	Judgement impossible
24.	Dachshund	F(h)	8	4.3	1	Arthritis	Slightly effective
25.	Mix	F(h)	12	8.7	1	Osteoarthritis	Remarkably
						of spine	effective
26.	Mix	M(n)	12	15.7	2	Osteoarthritis	Judgement impossible
						of spine	
27.	Mix	F(h)	9	19.9	2	Coxalgia	Remarkably effective
28.	Pug	F	8	7.2	1	Osteoarthritis of spine	No effect
29.	Maltese	F	18	3.0	1	Left shoulder	Remarkably
						subluxation	effective
30.	Pomeranian	F(h)	11	6.0	1	Both hip	Remarkably
		, ,				arthritis deformans	effective
31.	Mix	F(h)	9	13.2	1	Both hip	Remarkably
						arthritis deformans	effective
32.	Shih Tzu	M(n)	6	8.3	1	Right	Remarkably
						patella luxation	effective

No.	Dog Breed	Sex	Age (year)	Weight (kg)	Intake (tabs)	Symptom	Evaluation
20.	Shiba	M	12	10.5	2	Osteoarthritis of spine	Exacerbation
21.	Chihuahua	M(n)	2		1	Arthritis	Remarkably effective
22.	Mix	F(h)	12	13.3	1	Patella luxation	No effect
23.	Golden retriever	F	5	26.8	2	Ligament rupture	Judgement impossible
24	Dachshund	F(h)	8	4.3	1	Arthritis	Slightly effective
25.	Mix	F(h)	12	8.7	1	Osteoarthritis of spine	Remarkably effective
26.	Mix	M(n)	12	15.7	2	Osteoarthritis of spine	Judgement impossible
27.	Mix	F(h)	9	19.9	2	Coxalgia	Remarkably effective
28.	Pug	F	8	7.2	1	Osteoarthritis of spine	No effect
29.	Maltese	F	18	3.0	1	Left shoulder subluxation	Remarkably effective
30.	Pomeranian	F(h)	11	6.0	1	Both hip arthritis deformans	Remarkably effective
31.	Mix	F(h)	9	13.2	1	Both hip arthritis deformans	Remarkably effective
32.	Shih Tzu	M(n)	6	8.3	1	Right patella luxation	Remarkably effective
33.	Miniature Pinscher	M	17	1.7	1	Left elbow arthritis deformans	Judgement impossible
34.	Pomeranian	M(n)	7	6.3	1	Left shoulder subluxation	Remarkably effective
35.	Mix	F	12	14.1	1	Right hip and knee subluxation	Effective
36.	Cavalier King Charles Spaniel	F	3	7.9	1	Left knee subluxation	Effective
Rem	arkably effective Every paramete		re imn	ovements	c or	48%	16/33

Remarkably effective Every parameters were improvements, or more than 2 parameters improved 2 points	48%	16/33
Effective	21%	7/33
More than 2 parameters improved 1 point		
Minor response effective	6%	2/33
More than 1 parameters improved 1 point		
Exacerbation	3%	1/33
Taking a turn for the worse		
No effect	21%	7/33
No improvement		
Disable judgement	3 cases	
We could not evaluate (because of discontinuance)		

Aspects of the present invention have been described by way of example only and it should be appreciated that modifications and additions may be made thereto without departing from the scope thereof as defined in the appended claims.

33.	Miniature Pinscher	М	17	1.7	I	Left elbow arthritis deformans	Judgement impossible
34.	Pomeranian	M(n)	7	6.3	1	Left shoulder subluxation	Remarkably effective
35.	Mix	F	12	14.1	1	Right hip and knee subluxation	Effective
36.	Cavalier King Charles Spaniel	F	3	7.9	1	Left knee subluxation	Effective

Remarkably effective	 48%
Effective	21%
Slightly effective	6%
Exacerbation	3%
No effect	21%
Judgement impossible	3 cases

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THE CLAIMS DEFINING THE INVENTION ARE:

- 1. A composition for administration to animals including a combination of:
 - (a) at least one anti-inflammatory agent selected from the group comprising
 - i) green-lipped mussel extract (GLME) and/or a pharmacologically active green lipped mussel product, and
 - ii) shark cartilage; with
 - (b) at least one enhancing agent selected from the group of:
 - i) a bark product or extract exhibiting antioxidant properties, and
 - ii) shark cartilage;

and wherein for a composition including just one member from each group, the selected members must be different.

- 2. A composition for administration to animals including a combination of:
 - (a) at least one anti-inflammatory agent selected from the group comprising
 - i) green-lipped mussel extract (GLME) and/or a pharmacologically active green lipped mussel product, and
 - ii) shark cartilage; with
 - (b) at least one enhancing agent selected from the group of:
 - i) a bark or plant product or extract exhibiting any one of antioxidant, antiarthritic, and anti-inflammatory properties, and
 - ii) shark cartilage;

and wherein for a composition including just one member from each group, the selected members must be different.

- 3. A composition as claimed in either claim 1 or claim 2 which includes either or both of a green-lipped mussel extract (GLME) and a pharmaceutically active green lipped mussel product, in combination with any one or more of:

 shark cartilage, pharmacologically active shark extract, and chondroitin sulphate.
- 4. A composition as claimed in either claim 1 or claim 2 which includes an antiinflammatory agent in combination with a chondroitin compound.

5. A composition as claimed in either claim 1 or claim 2 which includes as the antiinflammatory agent either or both of shark cartilage and pharmacologically active
shark cartilage extract in combination with any one or more of:
EnzogenolTM, PycnogenolTM, a bark extract equivalent to EnzogenolTM or
PycnogenolTM, chondroitin sulphate, and a chondroitin compound.

- 6. A composition as claimed in any one of the preceding claims which includes, as an enhancing agent, PycnogenolTM.
- 7. A composition as claimed in any one of the preceding claims which includes one or more anti-oxidants other than Enzogenol or equivalent bark extracts.
- 8. A composition as claimed in claim 7 in which an anti-oxidant is vitamin E.
- 9. A composition as claimed in any one of the preceding claims which includes deer velvet or a pharmacologically active extract thereof.
- 10. A composition as claimed in any one of the preceding claims which includes additional glycosaminoglycans than those present in the selected anti-inflammatory or enhancing agents.
- 11. A composition as claimed in any one of the preceding claims which green-lipped mussel extract (GLME) and/or a pharmacologically active green lipped mussel product in sufficient amount to provide gastro-intestinal protection against irritation by other components in the composition.
- 12. A composition as claimed in any one of the preceding claims which also includes any one or more of the following components:

 a vitamin, glycine, lysine, methionine, glutamic acid, tyrosine, and compounds providing in a pharmacologically acceptable form one or more of the following elements: manganese, zinc, iron, magnesium, selenium, calcium, copper, potassium, cobalt.
- 13. A composition as claimed in any one of the preceding claims which includes one or more pharmacologically active substances.

14. A composition as claimed in claim 13 in which a pharmacologically active substance is an anti-inflammatory other than those listed in claim 1.

- 15. A composition as claimed in any one of the preceding claims formulated to be suitable for addressing any one or more of the following conditions in animals: inflammation, arthritis, chronic joint pain.
- 16. A composition as claimed in any one of the preceding claims in any one or more of the following forms:
 - as a bolus or tablet, in a capsule, as a slow release implant, as a liquid composition, as a gel, and as a paste.
- 17. A composition as claimed in any one of the preceding claims formulated for use with non-human mammals.
- 18. A method for addressing joint problems in non-human animals consisting of the administration of a composition as claimed in any one of the preceding claims.
- 19. A method as claimed in claim 18 in which the method of administration is oral.
- 20. A composition substantially as described herein with reference to the contained examples.
- 21. A method for addressing joint problems, substantially as described herein with reference to the contained examples.
- 22. The use of any two or more of:
 - i) green-lipped mussel extract (GLME) and/or a pharmacologically active green lipped mussel product,
 - ii) shark cartilage and/or pharmacologically active shark cartilage extract; and
 - iii) an antioxidant bark extract,

in the preparation of a composition for use in addressing any one or more of:

- a) inflammation;
- b) degenerative joint complaints;
- c) other cartiligenous degeneration;
- d) gastrointestinal sensitivity or irritation;
- e) cancerous tumours;

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

Interi ial Application No PCT/NZ 00/00135

			101/ NE 00/ 00100
A. CLASSIF IPC 7	A61K35/56 A61P29/00		
According to	International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classifica	ition and IPC	
B. FIELDS	SEARCHED		
Minimum do IPC 7	cumentation searched (classification system followed by classification $A61K$	on symbols)	
Documentati	ion searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that se	uch documents are inclu	uded in the fields searched
Electronic da	ata base consulted during the international search (name of data bas	se and, where practical,	, search terms used)
WPI Dat	ta, PAJ, EPO-Internal, FSTA, BIOSIS		
C. DOCUME	ENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT		
Category °	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the rele	evant passages	Relevant to claim No.
X	DATABASE WPI Section Ch, Week 199745 Derwent Publications Ltd., London Class B04, AN 1997-487854 XP002154177 & NZ 270 754 A (MCFARLANE LAB NZ 22 August 1997 (1997-08-22) abstract		
Furth	ner documents are listed in the continuation of box C.	Patent family	members are listed in annex.
 Special categories of cited documents: 'A' document defining the general state of the art which is not considered to be of particular relevance 'E' earlier document but published on or after the international filing date 'L' document which may throw doubts on priority claim(s) or which is cited to establish the publication date of another citation or other special reason (as specified) 'O' document referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or other means 'P' document published after the international filing date 'T' later document published after the international filing date or priority date and not in conflict with the application but cited to understand the principle or theory underlying the invention 'X' document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered novel or cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is taken alone cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is combined with one or more other such document is combined with one or more other such documents, such combination being obvious to a person skilled in the art. 'B' document member of the same patent family 			
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Name and r	nailing address of the ISA European Patent Office, P.B. 5818 Patentlaan 2 NL - 2280 HV Rijswijk Tel. (+31-70) 340-2040, Tx. 31 651 epo nl, Fax: (+31-70) 340-3016	Authorized officer Rempp,	G

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- (88) Date of publication of the revised international search report: 31 May 2001
- (15) Information about Correction: see PCT Gazette No. 22/2001 of 31 May 2001, Section II

For two-letter codes and other abbreviations, refer to the "Guidance Notes on Codes and Abbreviations" appearing at the beginning of each regular issue of the PCT Gazette.



(54) Title: COMPOSITIONS ADDRESSING INFLAMMATION AND/OR DEGENERATIVE DISORDERS

(57) Abstract: The present invention is directed to compositions for primarily addressing degenerative complaints - in particular joint related conditions, such as arthritis and rheumatism, in which there may also be associated inflammation. Other potential uses are also discussed, as well as prophylactic and curative applications. Preferred embodiments incorporate green-lip mussel products (particularly GLME) with shark cartilage or chondroitin compounds. Plant and bark based antioxidants are employed in a number of embodiments.

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International Application No PCT/N7 AA/AA135

			PCT/NZ 8	9/00135
A CLASS	IFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER A61K35/56 A61P29/00			
	o International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classific	cation and IPC		
	SEARCHED			
IPC 7	pourmentation searched (classification system followed by classification A61K)		
	tion searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that			
	Electronic data base consulted during the International search (name of data base and, where practical, search terms used) WPI Data, PAJ, EPO-Internal, FSTA, BIOSIS			
C. DOCUM	ENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT			
Calegory*	Citation of document, with Indication, where appropriate, of the re-	levant passages		Relevant to claim No.
X	DATABASE WPI Section Ch, Week 199745 Derwent Publications Ltd., Londo Class B04, AN 1997-487854 XP002154177 & NZ 270 754 A (MCFARLANE LAB NZ 22 August 1997 (1997-08-22) abstract			1
Furth	er documents are listed in the continuation of box C.	Patent family me	mbers are listed i	n annex.
Special categories of cited documents: A document defining the general state of the art which is not considered to be of particular relevance to particular relevance or priority date and not in conflict with the application but considered to be of particular relevance the international fling date. E* earlier document but published on or after the international fling date. C* document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered novel or cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is taken alone other special reason (as specified). C* document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered novel or cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is taken alone cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document be considered to involve an inventive step when the document of the considered to involve an inventive step when the document is combined with one or more other such documents, such combination being obvious to a person skulled in the art. A* document published after the international filing date. T* document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered novel or cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is combined with one or more other such documents, such combination being obvious to a person skulled in the art. T* document optication but of priority date and not in conflict with the application but of priority date and not in conflict with the application but of priority date and not in conflict with the application but of priority date and not in conflict with the application but of priority date and not in conflict with the application but of priority date and not in conflict with the publication but of priority date and not in conflict with the publication but of priority date and not in conflict with the publication of priority date and not in conflict with the publication of priority date of another or annot be considered novel or cannot			The application but Only underlying the atimad invention atment is taken alone atment invention atment invention atment invention at the re other such docu- is to a person skulled	
	ctual completion of the international search	Date of making of the		
17	January 2001	1	8 . 01, 2001	
Namo and ma	hiling address of the ISA European Patent Office, P.B. 5818 Patentiaan 2 NL - 2260 HV Ripswik Tel. (+31-70) 340-2040, Tx. 31 651 epo nt, Fax (+31-70) 340-3016	Authorized officer Rempp, G		

International application No. PCT/NZ 00/00135

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

B x I Observations where certain claims were found unsearchable (Continuation of item 1 of first sheet)				
This International Search Report has not been established in respect of certain claims under Article 17(2)(a) for the following reasons:				
1. X Claims Nos.: 18, 19, 21 because they relate to subject matter not required to be searched by this Authority, namely:				
see FURTHER INFORMATION sheet PCT/ISA/210				
Claims Nos.: because they relate to parts of the International Application that do not comply with the prescribed requirements to such an extent that no meaningful International Search can be carried out, specifically:				
3. Claims Nos.: because they are dependent claims and are not drafted in accordance with the second and third sentences of Rule 6.4(a).				
Box II Observations where unity of invention is lacking (Continuation of item 2 of first sheet)				
This International Searching Authority found multiple inventions in this international application, as follows:				
As all required additional search fees were timely paid by the applicant, this International Search Report covers all searchable claims.				
2. As all searchable claims could be searched without effort justifying an additional fee, this Authority did not invite payment of any additional fee.				
3. As only some of the required additional search fees were timely paid by the applicant, this International Search Report covers only those claims for which fees were paid, specifically claims Nos.:				
4. No required additional search fees were timely paid by the applicant. Consequently, this International Search Report is restricted to the invention first mentioned in the claims; it is covered by claims Nos.:				
Remark on Pr test The additional search fees were accompanied by the applicant's protest.				
No protest accompanied the payment of additional search fees.				

FURTHER INFORMATION CONTINUED FROM PCT/ISA/ 210

Continuation of Box I.1

Although claims 18,19,21 are directed to a method of treatment of the human/animal body, the search has been carried out and based on the alleged effects of the compound/composition.

Continuation of Box I.1

Claims Nos.: 18,19,21

Rule 39.1(iv) PCT - Method for treatment of the human or animal body by therapy



Information on patent family members

International Application No PCT/NZ 00/00135

Patent document cited in search report	Publication date	Patent family member(s)	Publication date
NZ 270754 A	22-08-1997	NONE	

1 9 SEP 2001 COPY

From the:

INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY EXAMINING AUTHORITY

To: **PCT** NOTIFICATION OF TRANSMITTAL OF **JAMES & WELLS** INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION Private Bag 3140 REPORT **HAMILTON** New Zealand (PCT Rule 71.1) Date of mailing 12 SEP 2001 day/month/year Applicant's or agent's file reference IMPORTANT NOTIFICATION 18040/29las International Filing Date **Priority Date** International Application No. 21 July 1999 PCT/NZ00/00135 21 July 2000 Applicant BOMAC LABORATORIES LIMITED et al

- 1. The applicant is hereby notified that this International Preliminary Examining Authority transmits herewith the international preliminary examination report and its annexes, if any, established on the international application.
- 2. A copy of the report and its annexes, if any, is being transmitted to the International Bureau for communication to all the elected Offices.
- 3. Where required by any of the elected Offices, the International Bureau will prepare an English translation of the report (but not of any annexes) and will transmit such translations to those Offices.

4. **REMINDER**

The applicant must enter the national phase before each elected Office by performing certain acts (filing translations and paying national fees) within 30 months from the priority date (or later in some Offices)(Article 39(1))(see also the reminder sent by the International Bureau with Form PCT/IB/301).

Where a translation of the international application must be furnished to an elected Office, that translation must contain a translation of any annexes to the international preliminary examination report. It is the applicant's responsibility to prepare and furnish such translation directly to each elected Office concerned.

For further details on the applicable time limits and requirements of the elected Offices, see Volume II of the PCT Applicant's Guide

Name and mailing address of the IPEA/AU

AUSTRALIAN PATENT OFFICE

PO BOX 200, WODEN ACT 2606, AUSTRALIA

E-mail address: pct@ipaustralia.gov.au

Facsimile No. (02) 6285 3929

Authorized officer

SHUBHRA CHANDRA

Telephone No. (02) 6283 2264



INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION REPORT

(PCT Article 36 and Rule 70)

Applicant's or agent's file reference 18040/4X104 FOR FURTHER ACTION		See Notification of Transmittal of International Preliminary Examination Report (Form PCT/IPEA/416).		
International Application No.	International Filing D	ate (day/month/year)	Priority Date (day/month/year)	
PCT/NZ00/00135	21 July 2000		21 July 1999	
International Patent Classification (IPC)	or national classification	on and IPC	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Int. Cl. ⁷ A61K35/56, A61P 29/00	, 35/00			
Applicant				
BOMAC LABORATORIES I	LIMITED et al			
This international preliminary and is transmitted to the application.	examination report has	s been prepared by this I le 36.	nternational Preliminary Examining Authority	
2. This REPORT consists of a to	otal of 4 sheets, inclu	iding this cover sheet.		
This report is also accor	npanied by ANNEXES	, i.e., sheets of the descr	iption, claims and/or drawings which have	
been amended and are the Rule 70.16 and Section	he basis for this report : 607 of the Administrat	and/or sheets containing ive Instructions under th	rectifications made before this Authority (see e PCT).	
These annexes consist of a tot				
These aimiexes consist of a total	ar or - success.			
3. This report contains indications relat	3. This report contains indications relating to the following items:			
I X Basis of the repo	report			
II Priority				
III Non-establishme	ent of opinion with regard to novelty, inventive step and industrial applicability			
IV Lack of unity of	-			
V X Reasoned statem	nent under Article 35(2) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability;			
VI Certain documen				
VII Certain defects i	n the international application			
VIII X Certain observat	tions on the international application			
		D. C. Lines	4	
Date of submission of the demand		Date of completion of the report 6 September 2001		
22 December 2000		6 September 2001 Authorized Officer		
Name and mailing address of the IPEA/AU AUSTRALIAN PATENT OFFICE	,	Authorized Officer		
PO BOX 200, WODEN ACT 2606, AUS	TRALIA			
E-mail address: pct@ipaustralia.gov.au Facsimile No. (02) 6285 3929		SHUBHRA CHANDRA		
,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		Telephone No. (02) 62	283 2264	

INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION REPORT

`	
mternational	application No.

PCT/NZ00/00135

I.	Basis of the report
1.	With regard to the elements of the international application:*
	the international application as originally filed.
	X the description, pages 1-24, as originally filed,
	pages, filed with the demand,
	pages, received on with the letter of
	X the claims, pages 26-27, as originally filed,
	pages, as amended (together with any statement) under Article 19,
	pages , filed with the demand,
	pages 25, received on 18 May 2001 with the letter of 18 May 2001 (See boxVIII) The drawings, pages, as originally filed,
	pages, filed with the demand,
	pages, received on with the letter of
	The sequence listing part of the description:
	pages , as originally filed
	pages, filed with the demand
	pages, received on with the letter of
2.	With regard to the language, all the elements marked above were available or furnished to this Authority in the language in which the international application was filed, unless otherwise indicated under this item.
	These elements were available or furnished to this Authority in the following language which is:
	The language of a translation furnished for the purposes of international search (under Rule 23.1(b)).
	The language of publication of the international application (under Rule 48.3(b)).
	The language of the translation furnished for the purposes of international preliminary examination (under Rules 55.2 and/or 55.3).
3.	With regard to any nucleotide and/or amino acid sequence disclosed in the international application, the international preliminary examination was carried out on the basis of the sequence listing:
	Contained in the international application in written form.
	Filed together with the international application in computer readable form.
	Furnished subsequently to this Authority in written form.
	Furnished subsequently to this Authority in computer readable form.
	The statement that the subsequently furnished written sequence listing does not go beyond the disclosure in the international application as filed has been furnished.
	The statement that the information recorded in computer readable form is identical to the written sequence listing has been furnished
4.	The amendments have resulted in the cancellation of:
	the description, pages
	the claims, Nos.
	the drawings, sheets/fig.
5.	This report has been established as if (some of) the amendments had not been made, since they have been considered to go beyond the disclosure as filed, as indicated in the Supplemental Box (Rule 70.2(c)).**
*	Replacement sheets which have been furnished to the receiving Office in response to an invitation under Article 14 are referred to in this report as "originally filed" and are not annexed to this report since they do not contain amendments (Rules 70.16 and 70.17).
**	Any replacement sheet containing such amendments must be referred to under item 1 and annexed to this report



International application No. PCT/NZ00/00135

V.	Reasoned statement under Article 35(2) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability; citations
	and explanations supporting such statement

\ `	and explanations supporting s	uch statement	,
1.	Statement		
	Novelty (N)	Claims 1-22	YES
		Claims	NO
	Inventive_step (IS)	Claims 1-22	YES
		Claims	NO
	Industrial applicability (IA)	Claims 1-22	YES
		Claims	NO

2. Citations and explanations (Rule 70.7)

Novelty (N) and Inventive Step (IS) Claims 1-22

Amended claims are novel and inventive in the light of the citation NZ 270754 A (MCFARLANE LAB NZ LTD) DERWENT AN 1997-487854.

The citation does not disclose the composition comprising an anti-arthritic agent selected from green-lipped mussel extract (GLME) and shark cartilage and an enhancing agent selected from bark extract, chondroitin compound, deer velvet and vitamin E.

INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION REPORT

International application No. PCT/NZ00/00135

VIII.	Certain observations on the international application
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The following observations on the clarity of the claims, description, and drawings or on the question whether the claims are fully supported by the description, are made:

The amended page filed on 18 May 2001 should be 25 not 22 as currently on the file.

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT



Inter: nal Application No PCT/NZ 00/00135

A. CLASSIF IPC 7	FICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER A61K35/56 A61P29/00		
According to	International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification	alion and IPC	
B. FIELDS			
	cumentation searched (classification system followed by classification	on symbols)	(:
Documentat	ion searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that s	uch documents are included in the fields search	ed
Electronic da	ata base consulted during the international search (name of data base	se and, where practical, search terms used)	
WPI Da	ta, PAJ, EPO-Internal, FSTA, BIOSIS		
C. DOCUME	ENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT		
Category *	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the rek	evant passages	Relevant to claim No.
X	DATABASE WPI Section Ch, Week 199745 Derwent Publications Ltd., London Class B04, AN 1997-487854 XP002154177 & NZ 270 754 A (MCFARLANE LAB NZ 22 August 1997 (1997-08-22) abstract		1
Furth	ner documents are listed in the continuation of box C.	Patent tamily members are listed in ar	nnex.
Special ca	tegories of cited documents :		
"A" docume consid	ant defining the general state of the art which is not leved to be of particular relevance	*T* later document published after the internation priority date and not in conflict with the cited to understand the principle or theory invention	application but underlying the
filing d	late	*X* document of particular relevance; the claim cannot be considered novel or cannot be of involve an inventive step when the document	considered to
which	"L' document which may throw doubts on priority claim(s) or involve an inventive step when the document is taken alone which is cited to establish the publication date of another citation or other special reason (as specified) "Y" document of particular relevance; the claimed invention citation or other special reason (as specified)		
O docume	"O" document referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or other means combined with one or more other such document is combined with one or more other such document is combined with one or more other such document is combination being obvious to a person skilled		
P docume	ent published prior to the international filing date but	in the art. *8" document member of the same patent family	
	actual completion of the international search	Date of mailing of the International search	
25	9 November 2000	11/12/2000	
Name and n	nailing address of the ISA European Patent Office, P.B. 5818 Patentiaan 2	Authorized officer	
	NL - 2280 HV Rijswijk Tel. (+31-70) 340-2040, Tx. 31 651 epo nl, Fax: (+31-70) 340-3016	Rempp, G	



natormation on patent family members

Inter: nal Application No PCT/NZ 00/00135

P: cite	atent document d in search report		Publication date	Patent family member(s)	Publication date
NZ	270754	A	22-08-1997	NONE	
		-		<u> </u>	
				•	
		·			
li					



PCT

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

(PCT Article 18 and Rules 43 and 44)

Applicant's or agent's file reference 18040/4PCX104	FOR FURTHER see Notification of (Form PCT/ISA/2	of Transmittal of International Search Report 20) as well as, where applicable, item 5 below.		
International application No.	International filing date (day/month/year)	(Earliest) Priority Date (day/month/year)		
PCT/NZ-00/00135	21/07/2000	21/07/1999		
Applicant				
BOMAC LABORATORIES LIMITE	D et al.			
This International Search Report has bee according to Article 18. A copy is being tra	n prepared by this International Searching Aut ansmitted to the International Bureau.	hority and is transmitted to the applicant		
This International Search Report consists X It is also accompanied by	of a total of sheets. a copy of each prior art document cited in this	s report.		
Basis of the report				
With regard to the language, the language in which it was filed, unli	international search was carried out on the ba less otherwise indicated under this item.	sis of the international application in the		
Authority (Rule 23.1(b)).	vas carried out on the basis of a translation of t			
was carried out on the basis of the	e sequence listing :	nternational application, the international search		
	onal application in written form. ernational application in computer readable for	m		
<u> -</u>	o this Authority in written form.			
	o this Authority in computer readble form.			
the statement that the sul	bsequently furnished written sequence listing on the sequence listing on the sequence listing of the s	does not go beyond the disclosure in the		
•		is identical to the written sequence listing has been		
2. X Certain claims were fou	ind unsearchable (See Box I).			
3. Unity of invention is lac	king (see Box II).			
4. With regard to the title ,				
the text is approved as su	ubmitted by the applicant.			
the text has been established by this Authority to read as follows:				
5. With regard to the abstract ,	ubmitted by the applicant.			
the text has been establis		rity as it appears in Box III. The applicant may, port, submit comments to this Authority.		
6. The figure of the drawings to be published with the abstract is Figure No.				
as suggested by the appl		None of the figures.		
because the applicant failed to suggest a figure.				
because this figure better characterizes the invention.				

International Application No. PCTNZ 00 00135

FURTHER INFORMATION CONTINUED FROM PCT/ISA/ 210

Continuation of Box I.1

Although claims 1-19 are directed to a method of treatment of the human/animal body, the search has been carried out and based on the alleged effects of the compound/composition.

Continuation of Box I.1

Claims Nos.: 1-19

Rule 39.1(iv) PCT - Method for treatment of the human or animal body by therapy

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

Interponal Application No PC17 NZ 00/00135

N./					
A. CLASSI IPC 7	FICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER A61K35/56 A61P29/00				
According to	According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC				
B. FIELDS	SEARCHED				
	cumentation searched (classification system followed by classification A61K	on symbols)			
Documentat	ion searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that s	uch documents are included in the fields sea	rched		
	<u>.</u>	<u></u>	<u> </u>		
Electronic d	ata base consulted during the international search (name of data bas	se and, where practical, search terms used)			
WPI Da	ta, PAJ, EPO-Internal, FSTA, BIOSIS				
C. DOCUMI	ENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT				
Category °	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the rele	evant passages	Relevant to claim No.		
Х	DATABASE WPI Section Ch, Week 199745 Derwent Publications Ltd., London, GB;				
	Class B04, AN 1997-487854 XP002154177 & NZ 270 754 A (MCFARLANE LAB NZ LTD), 22 August 1997 (1997-08-22)				
	abstract				
Furti	her documents are listed in the continuation of box C.	Patent family members are listed in	annex.		
° Special ca	tegories of cited documents :	*T* later document published after the intern	national filing date		
consid	ent defining the general state of the art which is not lered to be of particular relevance	or priority date and not in conflict with the cited to understand the principle or theo invention	ne application but ory underlying the		
filing o	"E" earlier document but published on or after the international filing date "L" document which may throw doubts on priority claim(s) or "L" document which may throw doubts on priority claim(s) or "L" document which may throw doubts on priority claim(s) or				
which is cited to establish the publication date of another citation or other special reason (as specified) "Y" document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the					
other of the other	other means ments, such combination being obvious to a person skilled in the art. *P* document published prior to the international filing date but				
	nan the priority date claimed actual completion of the international search	*&" document member of the same patent fa Date of mailing of the international search	- <u>-</u>		
2	9 November 2000	11/12/2000			
Name and r	Name and mailing address of the ISA European Patent Office, P.B. 5818 Patentlaan 2 Authorized officer				
	NL - 2280 HV Rijswijk Tel. (+31-70) 340-2040, Tx. 31 651 epo nl, Fax: (+31-70) 340-3016 Rempp, G				

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INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

nforr on patent family members

PC 17 NZ 00/00135

Pa cited	atent documen d in search rep	t ort	Publication date	Patent family member(s)	Publication date
	270754	Α	22-08-1997	NONE	
 -		-	10		

- new version -





INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

(PCT Article 18 and Rules 43 and 44)

Applicant's or agent's file reference	FOR FURTHER see Notification or	f Transmittal of International Search Report			
18040/4PCX104	ACTION (Form PCT/ISA/220) as well as, where applicable, item 5 below.				
International application No.	International filing date (day/month/year)	(Earliest) Priority Date (day/month/year)			
PCT/NZ 00/00135	21/07/2000	21/07/1999			
Applicant					
BOMAC LABORATORIES LIMITE	et al.				
This International Search Report has beer according to Article 18. A copy is being tra	prepared by this International Searching Authors in the International Bureau.	ority and is transmitted to the applicant			
This leaves the selection of the selecti					
This International Search Report consists [X] It is also accompanied by	of a total of4 sheets. a copy of each prior art document cited in this r	report.			
Basis of the report					
With regard to the language, the i language in which it was filed, unle	nternational search was carried out on the basi ess otherwise indicated under this item.	is of the international application in the			
the international search was Authority (Rule 23.1(b)).	as carried out on the basis of a translation of th	e international application furnished to this			
b. With regard to any nucleotide and was carried out on the basis of the	d/or amino acid sequence disclosed in the inte	ernational application, the international search			
	nal application in written form.				
filed together with the inter	national application in computer readable form				
furnished subsequently to	this Authority in written form.				
	this Authority in computer readble form.				
the statement that the sub- international application as	sequently furnished written sequence listing do filed has been furnished.	es not go beyond the disclosure in the			
the statement that the info furnished	rmation recorded in computer readable form is	identical to the written sequence listing has been			
2. X Certain claims were four	nd unsearchable (See Box I).				
3. Unity of invention is lack	ing (see Box II).				
4. With regard to the title,					
the text is approved as sub	omitted by the applicant.				
	ed by this Authority to read as follows:				
5. With regard to the abstract,					
X the text is approved as sub	omitted by the applicant.				
the text has been established, according to Rule 38.2(b), by this Authority as it appears in Box III. The applicant may, within one month from the date of mailing of this international search report, submit comments to this Authority.					
6. The figure of the drawings to be publis	shed with the abstract is Figure No.				
as suggested by the applic	ant.	None of the figures.			
because the applicant failed to suggest a figure.					
because this figure better of	characterizes the invention.				



Internal Application No
PCT/NZ 00/00135

A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER I PC 7 A61K35/56 A61P29/00										
TPC 7 A61K35/56 A61P29/00										
According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC										
	SEARCHED	-	•							
Minimum do	ocumentation searched (classification system followed by classificati A61K	on symbols)								
ite / vork										
Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched										
	ata base consulted during the international search (name of data ba	•								
WPI Da	ta, PAJ, EPO-Internal, FSTA, BIOSIS									
1										
C. DOCUME	NTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT									
Category °	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the rel	evant passages	Relevant to claim No.							
			<u></u>							
Х	DATABASE WPI		1							
	Section Ch, Week 199745 Derwent Publications Ltd., Londo	n GR:								
	Class B04, AN 1997-487854	ii, ub,								
	XP002154177	<u>.</u>								
	& NZ 270 754 A (MCFARLANE LAB NZ	LTD),								
	22 August 1997 (1997-08-22) abstract									
-										
Furth	er documents are listed in the continuation of box C.	Patent family members are listed in	n annex.							
° Special cat	egories of cited documents :	"T" later document published after the inter	national filing date							
	nt defining the general state of the art which is not ered to be of particular relevance	or priority date and not in conflict with to cited to understand the principle or the	the application but ory underlying the							
"E" earlier d	ocument but published on or after the international	invention "X" document of particular relevance; the cl	aimed invention							
filing da "L" docume:	nt which may throw doubts on priority claim(s) or	cannot be considered novel or cannot involve an inventive step when the doc	be considered to							
	s cited to establish the publication date of another or other special reason (as specified)	"Y" document of particular relevance; the cl	aimed invention							
"O" document referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or other means "O" document referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or other means "O" document is combined with one or more other such documents, such combination being obvious to a person skilled										
"P" docume	"P" document published prior to the international filing date but in the art.									
	an the priority date claimed	"&" document member of the same patent f Date of mailing of the international sea								
		Sale of maining of the international seal	cirreport							
17	7 January 2001									
Name and m	nailing address of the ISA	Authorized officer								
	European Patent Office, P.B. 5818 Patentlaan 2 NL - 2280 HV Rijswijk									
	Tel. (+31-70) 340-2040, Tx. 31 651 epo nl,	Rempp. G								



International application No. PCT/NZ 00/00135

Вхі	Observations where carried real found unsearchable (Continuation of item 1 of first sheet)					
This International Search Report has not been established in respect of certain claims under Article 17(2)(a) for the following reasons:						
1. X	Claims Nos.: 18, 19, 21 because they relate to subject matter not required to be searched by this Authority, namely:					
	see FURTHER INFORMATION sheet PCT/ISA/210					
2.	Claims Nos.: because they relate to parts of the International Application that do not comply with the prescribed requirements to such an extent that no meaningful International Search can be carried out, specifically:					
з	Claims Nos.: because they are dependent claims and are not drafted in accordance with the second and third sentences of Rule 6.4(a).					
Box II	Observations where unity of invention is lacking (Continuation of item 2 of first sheet)					
This Inte	rnational Searching Authority found multiple inventions in this international application, as follows:					
1.	As all required additional search fees were timely paid by the applicant, this International Search Report covers all searchable claims.					
2.	As all searchable claims could be searched without effort justifying an additional fee, this Authority did not invite payment of any additional fee.					
3.	As only some of the required additional search fees were timely paid by the applicant, this International Search Report covers only those claims for which fees were paid, specifically claims Nos.:					
4.	No required additional search fees were timely paid by the applicant. Consequently, this International Search Report is restricted to the invention first mentioned in the claims; it is covered by claims Nos.:					
Remark	on Protest The additional search fees were accompanied by the applicant's protest. No protest accompanied the payment of additional search fees.					

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FURTHER INFORMATION CONTINUED FROM PCT/ISA/ 210

Continuation of Box I.1

Although claims 18,19,21 are directed to a method of treatment of the human/animal body, the search has been carried out and based on the alleged effects of the compound/composition.

Continuation of Box I.1

Claims Nos.: 18,19,21

Rule 39.1(iv) PCT - Method for treatment of the human or animal body by therapy



Information on patent family members

Internal Application No PCT/NZ 00/00135

cited	tent document I in search repo	ort	Publication date	Patent family member(s)	 Publication date	
 NZ	270754	Α	22-08-1997	NONE		
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